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STATE OF ILLINOIS Pollution Control Board

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

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09/30/2005

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD 100 West Randolph 11-500 Dorothy Gunn CHICAGO, IL 606010601

Dear Dorothy Gunn

Your rules Listed below met our codification standards and have been published in Volume 29, Issue 41 of the Illinois Register, dated 10/07/2005.

PROPOSED RULES

Permits and General Provisions
35 III. Adm. Code 201
Point Of Contact:Erin Conley

Page 14738

If you have any questions, you may contact the Administrative Code Division at (217) 782 - 7017.

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

1) Heading of the Part: Permits and General Provisions

2) Code citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201

3) Section Numbers:

Proposed Action:

201.146

Amend

4) <u>Statutory authority</u>: Implementing Sections 10, 39, and 39.5 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10, 27, 39, and 39.5]

5) A complete description of the subjects and issues involved:

A more complete description of this rulemaking can be found in the Board's September 15, 2005 opinion and order in Board docket R05-19. This rulemaking proposes to add four categories to the existing list of exemptions from state air permit requirements in Section 201.146. The purpose of this rulemaking is to eliminate permitting delays for minor projects having little environmental or regulatory impact. The four proposed exemptions are as follows:

Exemption for replacing or adding air pollution control equipment at existing emission units. The proposed exemption would only apply to existing units, which are permitted and have operated in compliance for the past year. The new pollution control equipment must maintain or improve air pollution control over the prior levels of target pollutants, and not result in a net increase in emissions of any collateral pollutant. This exemption would not apply if the installation or operation of the new or replacement pollution controls would trigger or change applicability of different regulatory requirements. Finally, required monitoring equipment must be carried over to the replacement control device and must incorporate current technology.

Exemption for sources with federally enforceable state operating permits (FESOP) having a low potential to emit. This provision would affect some projects at FESOP sources that do not fit under any of the existing listed exemptions under Section 201.146 and that are still insignificant from a permitting standpoint. Under this second exemption, permits would be unnecessary for projects at minor FESOP sources with a low potential to emit (less than 0.1 pound per hour or 0.44 tons per year) any regulated air pollutant absent air pollution equipment from the new or modified unit that have no outstanding compliance or enforcement issues. Also, raw materials and fuels that cause or contribute to emissions must not contain a hazardous air pollutant equal to or greater than 0.01 percent by weight. Further, this exemption is not available to a source that must meet New Source

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POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

Performance Standards and New Source Review requirements under the Clean Air Act or if outstanding compliance or enforcement issues exist.

Exemption for minor sources that are not CAAPPs or FESOPs. This third exemption would be limited to sources with the low potential to emit any regulated air pollutant absent air pollution equipment from the new or modified unit that have no outstanding compliance or enforcement issues. This exemption would be available for minor sources that have a slightly greater potential to emit (up to 0.5 pounds per hour), so long as the facility notifies the Agency of its intent to construct or install a new emissions unit or modification. Only after notification can the facility begin construction, installation, or modification. This provision would require permitting if the additional emissions from the project could change the sources' status with respect to its potential to emit. This exemption is also not available to a source that must meet New Source Performance Standards and New Source Review requirements under the Clean Air Act.

<u>Insignificant activities exemption</u>. The proposal would create a list of permit exempt insignificant activities similar to those for Clean Air Act Permit Program sources. See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201.210 through 210.211. Owners or operators must notify the Agency when they add insignificant activities. Facilities must still comply with otherwise applicable emission standards or other regulatory requirements.

- 6) Will these proposed rules replace emergency rules currently in effect?: No
- 7) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?: No
- 8) Do these proposed rules contain incorporations by reference?: No
- 9) Are there any other amendments pending on this Part? Yes, the Board has proposed amendments to Section 202.146 in another docket, R05-20, which is also proposed for first notice in this issue of the *Illinois Register*.
- 10) Statement of statewide policy objectives:

The proposed amendments do not create or expand a State mandate as defined in Section 3 of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

11) <u>Time, place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed rulemaking:</u>

The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference Docket R05-19 and be addressed to:

Ms. Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago, IL 60601

Address all questions to Amy Antoniolli at 312-814-3665, or email at antonioa@ipcb.state.il.us.

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312-814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at http://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

- 12) Initial regulatory flexibility analysis:
 - A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations affected:

This rulemaking will impact any small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations that would qualify under these proposed exemptions.

B) Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance:

This rulemaking does not impose additional recordkeeping requirements.

C) Types of professional skills necessary for compliance:

None

13) Regulatory Agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized
This proposal appears in the Board's July 2005 regulatory agenda.

The full text of the Proposed Amendments begins on the next page:

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE B: AIR POLLUTION

CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

SUBCHAPTER a: PERMITS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 201 PERMITS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS

SUBPART A: DEFINITIONS

Section	·
201.101	Other Definitions
201.102	Definitions
201.103	Abbreviations and Units
201.104	Incorporations by Reference
	SUBPART B: GENERAL PROVISIONS
Section	
201.121	Existence of Permit No Defense
201.122	Proof of Emissions
201.123	Burden of Persuasion Regarding Exceptions
201.124	Annual Report
201.125	Severability
201.126	Repealer
	SUBPART C: PROHIBITIONS
Section	
201.141	Prohibition of Air Pollution
201.142	Construction Permit Required
201.143	Operating Permits for New Sources
201.144	Operating Permits for Existing Sources
201.146	Exemptions from State Permit Requirements
201.147	Former Permits
201.148	Operation Without Compliance Program and Project Completion Schedule
201.149	Operation During Malfunction, Breakdown or Startups
201.150	Circumvention
201.151	Design of Effluent Exhaust Systems
	SUBPART D: PERMIT APPLICATIONS AND REVIEW PROCESS
Section	
201.152	Contents of Application for Construction Permit
201.153	Incomplete Applications (Repealed)
201.154	Signatures (Repealed)
	C 1 ====//

201.155	Standards for Issuance (Repealed)
201.156	Conditions
201.157	Contents of Application for Operating Permit
201.158	Incomplete Applications
201.159	Signatures
201.160	Standards for Issuance
201.161	Conditions
201.162	Duration
201.163	Joint Construction and Operating Permits
201.164	Design Criteria
201.165	Hearings
201.166	Revocation
201.167	Revisions to Permits
201.168	Appeals from Conditions
201.169	Special Provisions for Certain Operating Permits
201.170	Portable Emission Units
SUB	PART E: SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR OPERATING SMALLER SOURCES

G PERMITS FOR CERTAIN SMALLER SOURCES

Section	
201.180	Applicability (Repealed)
201.181	Expiration and Renewal (Repealed)
201.187	Requirement for a Revised Permit (Repealed)

SUBPART F: CAAPP PERMITS

Section	
201.207	Applicability
201.208	Supplemental Information
201.209	Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants
201.210	Categories of Insignificant Activities or Emission Levels
201.211	Application for Classification as an Insignificant Activity
201.212	Revisions to Lists of Insignificant Activities or Emission Levels

SUBPART G: EXPERIMENTAL PERMITS (Reserved)

SUBPART H: COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS AND PROJECT COMPLETION SCHEDULES

Section	
201.241	Contents of Compliance Program
201.242	Contents of Project Completion Schedule
201.243	Standards for Approval
201.244	Revisions
201.245	Effects of Approval

201.246 201.247	Records and Reports Submission and Approval Dates		
SUBPART I: MALFUNCTIONS, BREAKDOWNS OR STARTUPS			
	,		
Section			
201.261	Contents of Request for Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup		
201.262	Standards for Granting Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup		
201.263	Records and Reports		
201.264	Continued Operation or Startup Prior to Granting of Operating Permit		
201.265	Effect of Granting of Permission to Operate During a Malfunction, Breakdown or Startup		
	SUBPART J: MONITORING AND TESTING		
Section			
201,281	Permit Monitoring Equipment Requirements		
201.282	Testing		
201.283	Records and Reports		
SUBPART K: RECORDS AND REPORTS			
Section			
201.301	Records		
201.302	Reports		
	SUBPART L: CONTINUOUS MONITORING		
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Section			
201.401	Continuous Monitoring Requirements		
201.402	Alternative Monitoring		
201.403	Exempt Sources		
201.404	Monitoring System Malfunction		
201.405 Excess Emission Reporting			
201.406 Data Reduction			
201.407	Retention of Information		
201.408	Compliance Schedules		
Appendix A	Rule into Section Table		
Appendix B	Section into Rule Table		
Appendix C	Past Compliance Dates		

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 10, 39, and 39.5 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10, 27, 39, and 39.5].

SUBPART C: PROHIBITIONS

Section 201.146 Exemptions from State Permit Requirements

Construction or operating permits, pursuant to Sections 201.142, 201.143 and 201.144 of this Part, are not required for the classes of equipment and activities listed below in this Section. The permitting exemptions in this Section do not relieve the owner or operator of any source from any obligation to comply with any other applicable requirements, including the obligation to obtain a permit pursuant to Sections 9.1(d) and 39.5 of the Act, Sections 165, 173 and 502 of the Clean Air Act or any other applicable permit or registration requirements.

- a) Air contaminant detectors or recorders, combustion controllers or combustion shutoffs;
- b) Air conditioning or ventilating equipment not designed to remove air contaminants generated by or released from associated equipment;
- Each fuel burning emission unit for indirect systems and for heating and reheating furnace systems used exclusively for residential, or commercial establishments using gas and/or fuel oil exclusively with a design heat input capacity of less than 14.6 MW (50 mmbtu/hr), except that a permit shall be required for any such emission unit with a design heat input capacity of at least 10 mmbtu/hr that was constructed, reconstructed or modified after June 9, 1989 and that is subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart D;
- d) Each fuel burning emission unit other than those listed in subsection (c) of this Section for direct systems used for comfort heating purposes and indirect heating systems with a design heat input capacity of less than 2930 kW (10 mmbtu/hr);
- e) Internal combustion engines or boilers (including the fuel system) of motor vehicles,

locomotives, air craft, watercraft, lifttrucks and other vehicles powered by nonroad engines;

- f) Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including associated laboratory fume hoods, vacuum producing devices and control devices installed primarily to address potential accidental releases;
- g) Coating operations located at a source using not in excess of 18,925 l (5,000 gal) of coating (including thinner) per year;
- h) Any emission unit acquired exclusively for domestic use, except that a permit shall be required for any incinerator and for any fuel combustion emission unit using solid fuel with a design heat input capacity of 14.6 MW (50 mmbtu/hr) or more;
- i) Any stationary internal combustion engine with a rated power output of less than 1118 kW (1500 horsepower), except that a permit shall be required for any stationary gas turbine engine with a rated heat input at peak load of 10.7 gigajoules/hr (10 mmbtu/hr) or more that is constructed, reconstructed or modified after October 3, 1977 and that is subject to requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG;
- j) Rest room facilities and associated cleanup operations, and stacks or vents used to prevent the escape of sewer gases through plumbing traps;
- k) Safety devices designed to protect life and limb, provided that a permit is not otherwise required for the emission unit with which the safety device is associated:
- 1) Storage tanks for liquids for retail dispensing except for storage tanks that are subject to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 215.583(a)(2), 218.583(a)(2) or 219.583(a)(2);
- m) Printing operations with aggregate organic solvent usage that never exceeds 2,839 1 (750 gal) per year from all printing lines at the source, including organic solvent from inks, dilutents, fountain solutions and cleaning materials;
- n) Storage tanks of:
 - Organic liquids with a capacity of less than 37,850 l (10,000 gal), provided the storage tank is not used to store any material listed as a hazardous air pollutant pursuant to Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act, and provided the storage tank is not subject to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 215.583(a)(2), 218.583(a)(2) or 219.583(a)(2);

- 2) Any size containing exclusively soaps, detergents, surfactants, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials; or
- 3) Any size containing virgin or re-refined distillate oil, hydrocarbon condensate from natural gas pipeline or storage systems, lubricating oil or residual fuel oils.
- o) Threaded pipe connections, vessel manways, flanges, valves, pump seals, pressure relief valves, pressure relief devices and pumps;
- p) Sampling connections used exclusively to withdraw materials for testing and analyses;
- q) All storage tanks of Illinois crude oil with capacity of less than 151,400 l (40,000 gal) located on oil field sites;
- r) All organic material-water single or multiple compartment effluent water separator facilities for Illinois crude oil of vapor pressure of less than 34.5 kPa absolute (5 psia);
- s) Grain-handling operations, exclusive of grain-drying operations, with an annual grain through-put not exceeding 300,000 bushels;
- t) Grain-drying operations with a total grain-drying capacity not exceeding 750 bushels per hour for 5% moisture extraction at manufacturer's rated capacity, using the American Society of Agricultural Engineers Standard 248.2, Section 9, Basis for Stating Drying Capacity of Batch and Continuous-Flow Grain Dryers;
- u) Portable grain-handling equipment and one-turn storage space;
- v) Cold cleaning degreasers that are not in-line cleaning machines, where the vapor pressure of the solvents used never exceeds 2 kPa (15 mmHg or 0.3 psi) measured at 38°C (100°F) or 0.7 kPa (5 mmHg or 0.1 psi) at 20°C (68°F);
- w) Coin-operated dry cleaning operations;
- x) Dry cleaning operations at a source that consume less than 30 gallons per month of perchloroethylene;
- y) Brazing, soldering, wave soldering or welding equipment, including associated ventilation hoods;
- z) Cafeterias, kitchens, and other similar facilities, including smokehouses, used for preparing food or beverages, but not including facilities used in the manufacturing

- and wholesale distribution of food, beverages, food or beverage products, or food or beverage components;
- Equipment for carving, cutting, routing, turning, drilling, machining, sawing, surface grinding, sanding, planing, buffing, sand blast cleaning, shot blasting, shot peening, or polishing ceramic artwork, leather, metals (other than beryllium), plastics, concrete, rubber, paper stock, wood or wood products, where such equipment is either:
 - 1) Used for maintenance activity;
 - 2) Manually operated;
 - 3) Exhausted inside a building; or
 - 4) Vented externally with emissions controlled by an appropriately operated cyclonic inertial separator (cyclone), filter, electro-static precipitor or a scrubber.
- bb) Feed mills that produce no more than 10,000 tons of feed per calendar year, provided that a permit is not otherwise required for the source pursuant to Section 201.142, 201.143 or 201.144;
- cc) Extruders used for the extrusion of metals, minerals, plastics, rubber or wood, excluding:
 - 1) Extruders used in the manufacture of polymers;
 - 2) Extruders using foaming agents or release agents that contain volatile organic materials or Class I or II substances subject to the requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act; and
 - 3) Extruders processing scrap material that was produced using foaming agents containing volatile organic materials or Class I or II substances subject to the requirements of Title VI of the Clean Air Act.
- dd) Furnaces used for melting metals, other than beryllium, with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches by volume;
- ee) Equipment used for the melting or application of less than 22,767 kg/yr (50,000 lbs/yr) of wax to which no organic solvent has been added;
- ff) Equipment used for filling drums, pails or other packaging containers, excluding aerosol cans, with soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating oils, waxes, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, glycerin, sweeteners, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with

such materials;

- gg) Loading and unloading systems for railcars, tank trucks, or watercraft that handle only the following liquid materials: soaps, detergents, surfactants, lubricating oils, waxes, glycerin, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweetener, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has not been mixed with such materials;
- hh) Equipment used for the mixing and blending of materials at ambient temperatures to make water based adhesives, provided each material mixed or blended contains less than 5% organic solvent by weight;
- ii) Die casting machines where a metal or plastic is formed under pressure in a die located at a source with a throughput of less than 2,000,000 lbs of metal or plastic per year, in the aggregate, from all die casting machines;
- jj) Air pollution control devices used exclusively with other equipment that is exempt from permitting, as provided in this Section;
- An emission unit for which a registration system designed to identify sources and emission units subject to emission control requirements is in place, such as the registration system found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586 (Gasoline Dispensing Operations Motor Vehicle Fueling Operations) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218, Subpart HH (Motor Vehicle Refinishing);
- ll) Photographic process equipment by which an image is reproduced upon material sensitized to radiant energy;
- mm) Equipment used for hydraulic or hydrostatic testing;
- nn) General vehicle maintenance and servicing activities conducted at a source, motor vehicle repair shops, and motor vehicle body shops, but not including:
 - 1) Gasoline fuel handling; and
 - 2) Motor vehicle refinishing.
- oo) Equipment using water, water and soap or detergent, or a suspension of abrasives in water for purposes of cleaning or finishing, provided no organic solvent has been added to the water;
- pp) Administrative activities including, but not limited to, paper shredding, copying, photographic activities and blueprinting machines. This does not include incinerators;
- qq) Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing that have been cleaned with

water solutions of bleach or detergents that are:

- 1) Located at a source and process clothing, bedding and other fabric items used at the source, provided that any organic solvent present in such items before processing that is retained from cleanup operations shall be addressed as part of the VOM emissions from use of cleaning materials;
- 2) Located at a commercial laundry; or
- 3) Coin operated.
- rr) Housekeeping activities for cleaning purposes, including collecting spilled and accumulated materials, including operation of fixed vacuum cleaning systems specifically for such purposes, but not including use of cleaning materials that contain organic solvent;
- Refrigeration systems, including storage tanks used in refrigeration systems, but excluding any combustion equipment associated with such systems;
- tt) Activities associated with the construction, on-site repair, maintenance or dismantlement of buildings, utility lines, pipelines, wells, excavations, earthworks and other structures that do not constitute emission units;
- uu) Piping and storage systems for natural gas, propane and liquefied petroleum gas;
- vv) Water treatment or storage systems, as follows:
 - 1) Systems for potable water or boiler feedwater;
 - 2) Systems, including cooling towers, for process water, provided that such water has not been in direct or indirect contact with process streams that contain volatile organic material or materials listed as hazardous air pollutants pursuant to Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act.
- ww) Lawn care, landscape maintenance and grounds keeping activities;
- containers, reservoirs or tanks used exclusively in dipping operations to coat objects with oils, waxes or greases, provided no organic solvent has been mixed with such materials:
- yy) Use of consumer products, including hazardous substances as that term is defined in the Federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 U.S.C. 1261 et seq.), where the product is used at a source in the same manner as normal consumer use;
- zz) Activities directly used in the diagnosis and treatment of disease, injury or other medical condition:

- aaa) Activities associated with the construction, repair or maintenance of roads or other paved or open areas, including operation of street sweepers, vacuum trucks, spray trucks and other vehicles related to the control of fugitive emissions of such roads or other areas:
- bbb) Storage and handling of drums or other transportable containers, where the containers are sealed during storage and handling;
- Activities at a source associated with the maintenance, repair or dismantlement of an emission unit or other equipment installed at the source, not including the shutdown of the unit or equipment, including preparation for maintenance, repair or dismantlement, and preparation for subsequent startup, including preparation of a shutdown vessel for entry, replacement of insulation, welding and cutting, and steam purging of a vessel prior to startup;
- ddd) Equipment used for corona arc discharge surface treatment of plastic with a power rating of 5 kW or less or equipped with an ozone destruction device;
- eee) Equipment used to seal or cut plastic bags for commercial, industrial or domestic use;
- fff) Each direct-fired gas dryer used for a washing, cleaning, coating or printing line, excluding:
 - 1) Dryers with a rated heat input capacity of 2930 kW (10 mmbtu/hr) or more; and
 - Dryers for which emissions other than those attributable to combustion of fuel in the dryer, including emissions attributable to use or application of cleaning agents, washing materials, coatings or inks or other process materials that contain volatile organic material are not addressed as part of the permitting of such line, if a permit is otherwise required for the line; and
- ggg) Municipal solid waste landfills with a maximum total design capacity of less than 2.5 million Mg or 2.5 million m³ that are not required to install a gas collection and control system pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 220 or 800 through 849 or Section 9.1 of the Act; and-
- <u>Replacement or addition of air pollution control equipment for existing emission units in circumstances where:</u>
 - 1) The existing emission unit is permitted and has operated in compliance for the past year;

- 2) The new control equipment will provide equal or better control of the target pollutants;
- The new control device will not be accompanied by a net increase in emissions of any non-targeted criteria air pollutant:
- 4) Different State or Federal regulatory requirements or newly proposed regulatory requirements will not apply to the unit; (Board Note: All sources must comply with underlying Federal regulations and future State regulations.) and
- Mhere the existing air pollution control equipment had required monitoring equipment, the new air pollution control equipment will be equipped with the instrumentation and monitoring devices that are typically installed on the new equipment of such type. (Board note: For major sources subject to Section 39.5 of the Act, where the new air pollution control equipment will require a different compliance determination method in the facility's CAAPP permit, the facility may need a permit modification to address the changed compliance determination method.)
- Replacement, addition, or modification of emission units at facilities with federally enforceable state operating permits limiting their potential to emit in circumstances where:
 - The potential to emit of any regulated air pollutant in the absence of air pollution control equipment from the new emission unit, or the increase in the potential to emit resulting from the modification of any existing emission unit, is less than 0.1 pound per hour or 0.44 tons per year;
 - The raw materials and fuels used or present in the emission unit that cause or contribute to emissions, based on the information contained in Material Safety Data Sheets for those materials, do not contain equal to or greater than 0.01 percent by weight of any hazardous air pollutant as defined under Section 112(b) of the federal Clean Air Act;
 - 3) The emission unit or modification is not subject to an emission standard or other regulatory requirement pursuant to Section 111 of the federal Clean Air Act;
 - Potential emissions of regulated air pollutants from the emission unit or modification will not, in combination with emissions from existing units or other proposed units, trigger permitting requirements under Section 39.5, permitting requirements under Sections 165 or 173 of the federal Clean Air Act, or the requirement to obtain a revised federally enforceable state operating permit limiting the source's potential to emit; and

- 5) The source is not currently the subject of a Non-compliance Advisory,

 Clean Air Act Section 114 Request, Violation Notice, Notice of Violation,

 Compliance Commitment Agreement, Administrative Order, or civil or

 criminal enforcement action, related to the air emissions of the source.
- Replacement, addition, or modification of emission units at permitted sources that are not major sources subject to Section 39.5 and that do not have a federally enforceable state operating permit limiting their potential to emit, in circumstances where:
 - The potential to emit of any regulated air pollutant in the absence of air pollution control equipment from the new emission unit, or the increase in the potential to emit resulting from the modification of any existing emission unit is either:
 - a) Less than 0.1 pound per hour or 0.44 tons per year; or
 - b) Less than 0.5 pound per hour, and the Permittee provides prior notification to the Agency of the intent to construct or install the unit. The unit may be constructed, installed or modified immediately after the notification is filed;
 - The emission unit or modification is not subject to an emission standard or other regulatory requirement under Section 111 or 112 of the federal Clean Air Act;
 - Potential emissions of regulated air pollutants from the emission unit or modification will not, in combination with the emissions from existing units or other proposed units, trigger permitting requirements under Section 39.5 or the requirement to obtain a federally enforceable permit limiting the source's potential to emit; and
 - The source is not currently the subject of a Non-compliance Advisory,

 Clean Air Act Section 114 Request, Violation Notice, Notice of Violation,

 Compliance Commitment Agreement, Administrative Order, or civil or

 criminal enforcement action, related to the air emissions of the source.
- https://www.com/resides/bases/

	other requirements that a	pply to such emission units or activities, either	
	individually or in conjunc	ction with other emission units or activities constructed	ed
	modified or located at the	source.	
(Source:	Amended at 29 Ill. Reg.	, effective)	